A-468 Room F, 10/17/2000 9:00 AM - 11:00 AM (PS) Is Circulatory Phospholipase A₂ Removed by Large-Pore Continuous Hemodiafiltration in Septic Renal Failure? *Yoshiaki Terao, M.D.; Motobiro Sekino, M.D.; Sumitaka Haseba, M.D.; Masataka Saito, M.D.; Koji Sumikawa, M.D., Anesthesiology, Nagasaki University, Nagasaki, Japan.* Large-pore continuous hemodiafiltration is not an efficient therapy to remove circulatory phospholipase A₂

A-469 Room F, 10/17/2000 9:00 AM - 11:00 AM (PS) Effects of Long Term Prone Positioning Versus Continuous Rotational Therapy on Lung Computed Tomographic Density in Patients with Adult Respiratory Distress Syndrome Heinz D. Tschernich, MD; Thomas Weber, MD; Christian Sitzwohl, MD; Florian Grabenwoger, MD; Gunter Huemer, MD, Anesthesiology and General Intensive Care, University of Vienna, Vienna, Vienna, Austria

A-470 Room F, 10/17/2000 9:00 AM - 11:00 AM (PS) Attenuated Vascular Relaxation by Fenoldopam and Dopamine in Endotoxin Treated Rats Michael H. Wall, M.D.; Pamela R. Roberts, M.D.; Miyuki Shouse, M.S.; Joseph R. Tobin, M.D.; Richard C. Prielipp, M.D., Anesth. Dept., Wake Forest Univ. Sch. of Med., Winston-Salem, NC, United States. Only fenoldopam has a predictable pharmacodynamic profile in normal rings and rings from endotoxemic rats.

A-471 Room F, 10/17/2000 9:00 AM - 11:00 AM (PS) Hyperbaric Oxygen Reduces Tumor Necrosis Factor-α (TNF-α) Production and Lung Neutrophil Sequestration after Intestinal Ischemia Reperfusion Zhong-Jin Yang, MD; Anthony Montante; Ziao-lan Ou; Enrico M. Camporesi, MD, Anesthesiology, SUNY Upstate Medical University, Syracuse, NY, United States

Critical Care & Trauma: Life Support, Trauma

A-472 Room F, 10/17/2000 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM (PS) A Double-Blind, Randomized Comparison of IV Lorazepam Vs. Midazolam for Sedation of ICU Patients Via a Pharmacologic Model Juliana Barr, MD; Katayoun Zomorodi, PbD; Edward Bertaccini, MD; Steven Shafer, MD; Eran Geller, MS, MD, Dept. of Anesthesia, Stanford University and VA Palo Alto Health Care System, Palo Alto, CA, United States. The pharmacology of lorazepam vs. midazolam for ICU sedation.

A-473 Room F, 10/17/2000 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM (PS) Suspended Animation (SA) I: Hypothermic Aortic Flush during Prolonged Exsanguination Cardiac Arrest (ExCA) in Dogs Wilbelm Bebringer, MD; Stephan Prueckner, MD; Ann Radovsky, MD; Samuel A. Tisherman, MD; Peter Safar, MD, SCRR, Univ. of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA, United States. Cold aortic flush at begin of ExCA induces cerebral hypothermia rapidly and achieves normal outcome after up to 45 min no-flow.

A-474 Room F, 10/17/2000 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM (PS) Suspended Animation (SA) II: Pharmacologic Aortic Flush during Prolonged Exsanguination Cardiac Arrest (ExCA) in Dogs Wilbelm Behringer, MD; Kentner Rainer, MD; Ann Radovsky, PbD; Samuel A. Tisherman, MD; Peter Safar, MD, SCRR, Univ. of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA, United States. In 20 min ExCA, drugs added to aortic arch flush do not enhance cerebral preservation by mild hypothermia, except for Tempol.

A-475 Room F, 10/17/2000 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM (PS) Tempol by Aortic Arch Flush (AAF) for Cerebral Preservation during 20 Min Exsanguination Cardiac Arrest (CA) in Dogs. Exploratory Experiments Wilhelm Behringer, MD; Xianren Wu, MD; Ann Radovsky, PhD; Samuel A. Tisherman, MD; Peter Safar, MD, SCRR, Univ. of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA, United States. Tempol added to 24°C AAF improves outcome but does not avoid histologic damage to neurons.

A-476 Room F, 10/17/2000 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM (PS) Propofol Has a Less Severe Inhibitory Effect on Intestinal Peristaltic Reflex Than Midazolam Wiebke Berg; Michael K. Herbert, MD; Maro Ritter; Peter Holzer, PhD; Norbert Roewer, MD, Dept. of Anesthesiology, University of Wuerzburg, Wuerzburg, Germany. Propofol and midazolam inhibit intestinal motility in vitro, hoewever, the inhibition due to propofol is less pronounced.

A-477 Room F, 10/17/2000 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM (PS) Percutaneous Tracheostomy - Ciaglia Blue Rhino Versus the Basic Ciaglia Technique of Percutaneous Dilatational Tracheostomy C. Bybahn, MD; V. Lischke, MD, PhD; S. Halbig, MD; S. Mierdl, MD; K. Westphal, MD, PhD, Dept. of Anesthesiology, J.W. Goethe-University Hospital, Frankfurt, Germany. 50 patients who underwent either Percutaneous Dilatational or Blue Rhino tracheostomy were studied.

A-478 Room F, 10/17/2000 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM (PS) Dilutional Acidosis-Water Dilutes the Strong Electrolytes and Causes a Dose Dependent Acidosis Pema Dorje, MD; Stephen Bree, MD; Gaury Adbikary, MD; Satwant Samra, MD; Daniel Rana, MD, Anesthesiology, University of Michigan Health Systems, Ann Arbor, MI, United States

A-479 Room F, 10/17/2000 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM (PS) Hemodynamic Effects of a Hemoglobin-Based Oxygen Carrier (Hemoglobin Glutamer-200[Bovine]) in Hypovolemic Dogs Bernd Driessen, DVM, PhD; Jonathan S. Jahr, MD; Fedor Lurie, MD, PhD; Robert A. Gunther, PhD, Univ. of Pennsylvania. In a dog hypovolemia model, clinically common criteria to guide resuscitation proved inadequate when Hemoglobin glutamer-200 (bovine) was administered.

A-480 Room F, 10/17/2000 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM (PS) Clinical Research in Emergency Patients — Experience with Delayed Consent at a Level 1 Trauma Center Richard P. Dutton, MD; Colin F. Mackenzie, MD; Thomas M. Scalea, MD, Anesthesiology, University of Maryland, Baltimore, MD, United States. Informed consent for research during emergencies can be obtained from trauma patients on a delayed basis. Acceptance of this approach is high.

A-481 Room F, 10/17/2000 2:00 PM - 4:00 PM (PS) Calculated Prehospital Ventilation in Trauma Patients by a Continuous Capnographic Monitoring Matthias Helm, Dr.med.; Ralf Schuster, Dr.med.; Jens Hauke, Dr.med.; Lorenz Lampl, PD Dr.med., Dept. of Anaesthesiology and Intensive Care, Federal Armed Forces Medical Center Ulm, Ulm, Germany. There is a significant increase in "normoventilation" by a etCO₂calculated and controlled ventilation in trauma victims.