prevention of infection and also provides an excellent summary of commonly used antibiotics.

Walter's chapter on blood is a short, detailed, well-written discussion of transfusion complications. In addition to descriptions of the various blood components, indications are given for treatment with whole blood divided into four groups depending on age: fresh, 36 hours, 12 days, and old blood.

Kinney's chapter on ventilation and ventilatory failure builds on the overall gas exchange based on ventilation, circulation, and metabolism. The reader is referred to excellent diagrams illustrating dangerous combination of ventilatory capacity reduced to 50 per cent of normal accompanied by raised metabolic demands, increased as much as 30 per cent, making the available reserve dangerously narrow.

Kirklin's chapter on cardiac failure summarizes in a few pages the most common types of cardiac arrhythmias and their treatment with drugs, electronic pacemaking and cardioversion.

MacLean's excellent chapter on shock stresses the importance of resuscitating the patient in hypovolemic shock. MacLean points out the importance of arterial blood lactate determination for prognostic evaluation and emphasizes that lactate elevation is greatest with hypocapnic hypoxia and least with hypercapnic hypoxia. This is in agreement with several recent reports on the dangers involved in alkalemic conditions, often worsened by mechanical hyperventilation.

Power's chapter on renal function and renal failure is very much worth reading. Referring to simple diagrams, he discusses the various syndromes involved. The tests important for diagnosis and treatment of methoxyflurane nephropathy are discussed in surprising detail, because of itso importance as one of three conditions associated with high urinary volumes.

The title of the book gives the impression that the authors will spend a significant time on pre-3 operative care. However, relatively little space is assigned to preoperative evaluation and treatment, and the importance of preoperative evaluation and preparation of the surgical patients with pulmonary of disease is not given the attention it deserves. A chapter on the pre- and postoperative treatment of the patient with chronic obstructive pulmonary of disease would have been of particular importance in this manual.

There are surprisingly few printing errors in this book, although the plasma volume (on page 43) is given as 50 instead of 5 per cent of the body a weight, and continuous positive-pressure ventila-on tion by mistake is called "CVVP" (page 192). a by ovever, retailor the control book. The catment of cardiac and a Cardiac and a Cardiac base of the conclusion: This manual covers a war and obust will fulfill its purpose as a manuspracticing surgeons and surgical residents. It can definitely also be recommended to the practicing surgeons and surgical residents. It can definitely also be recommended to the practicing surgeons and surgical residents. It can definitely also be recommended to the practicing surgeons and surgical residents. Are Greenik, M.D. Unicersity of Pittsburgh State of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania State of State

Books Received

A number but not all of these volumes will subsequently be reviewed. It is hoped that this listing will serve as a reference source for anesthesia and related literature-M.H.H.

Fundamentals of Anesthesia Care. By BETTY J. SMITH. St. Louis, The C. V. Mosby Company, 1972, Pp. 120, illus. \$4.50.

Anaesthesia and Pharmaceutics (Boerhaave Series for Postgraduate Medical Education). EDITED BY 1. SPIERDIJK AND S. A. FELDMAN. Baltimore, The Williams and Wilkins Company, 1972. Pp. 144. illus. \$20,00.

Clinical Anesthesia: Management of Patient for Radical Cancer Surgery. Volume 9/1, first edition. WILLIAM S. HOWLAND AND OLGA SCHWEIZER. Philadelphia, F. A. Davis Com-pany, 1972. Pp. 174, 47 illus. \$10.00. Surgery Annual. Volume 4. Edited by Philip

COOPER AND LLOYD M. NYHUS. New York, Appleton-Century-Crofts, Educational Division, Meredith Corporation, 1972, Pp. 445, illus. \$17.50.

Pathophysiology: Altered Regulatory Mechanisms of in Disease. Edited by Edward D. Fronlich. Philadelphia, The J. B. Lippincott Company, 1972. Pp. 795, 145 illus. \$21.00.

Practice. Fourth edition. By ROBERT D. ODIEPS, JAMES E. ECKENHOFF, AND LEROY D. VANDAM. Philadelphia, W. B. Saunders Company 1079. B. 455. pany, 1972. Pp. 456, illus. \$11.00.

Essentials of Cardiae Arrhythmias: Diagnosis and Management. First edition. By the late SAMUEL BELLET. Philadelphia, W. B. Saunders Company, 1972. Pp. 458, 237 illus. \$15.50.

Protection et Reanimation: Prevention du Syndrome Reactionnel. By P. Huguenard et col. - © LABORATEURS. Paris, Masson & Cie, 1972. Pp. ≥ 394, 142 illus. 150F.

tion. By Cordon Ostlere and Rocer Bryce- SMITH. Baltimore The Well-Anaesthetics for Medical Students. Seventh edi-Company, 1972. Pp. 146. \$3.00.