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Experience from the COVID-19 pandemic has shown how personal protective equipment degrades the performance of individual clinicians and teams. This experience can be improved with a systematic approach to collectively managing these stressors.

Anesthesiologists' Role in Value-based Perioperative Care and **Healthcare Transformation**

A. Mahajan, S. A. Esper, D. J. Cole, L. A. Fleisher526

Health care is undergoing transformation with a shift from fee-for-service care to fee-for-value care. Anesthesiologists are in a unique position to improve patient outcomes and manage cost through institution of novel perioperative care programs for the surgical patients.

Perioperative Medicine

CLINICAL SCIENCE

⊕ ♦ ○ Balanced Opioid-free Anesthesia with Dexmedetomidine versus Balanced Anesthesia with Remifentanil for Major or Intermediate Noncardiac Surgery: The Postoperative and Opioid-free Anesthesia (POFA) Randomized Clinical Trial

> H. Beloeil, M. Garot, G. Lebuffe, A. Gerbaud, J. Bila, P. Cuvillon, E. Dubout, S. Oger, J. Nadaud, A. Becret, N. Coullier, S. Lecoeur, J. Fayon, T. Godet, M. Mazerolles, F. Atallah, S. Sigaut, P.-M. Choinier, K. Asehnoune, A. Roquilly, G. Chanques, M. Esvan, E. Futier, B. Laviolle, for the POFA Study Group and the SFAR Research Network541

In a randomized, blinded, multicenter trial, study patients undergoing noncardiac surgery received a standard anesthetic featuring lidocaine and ketamine, plus either remifentanil or an alternative anesthetic where dexmedetomidine was substituted for remifentanil. The primary outcome composed of postoperative hypoxemia, ileus, and cognitive dysfunction, was more common among patients receiving opioid-free anesthesia. Importantly, opioid-free anesthesia with dexmedetomidine was associated with severe bradycardia, and the study was terminated early for that reason. SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT IS AVAILABLE IN THE TEXT

 Refers to Editorial (This article has an Audio Podcast







ON THE COVER: It has been speculated that opioid-free anesthesia may provide adequate pain control while reducing postoperative opioid consumption; however, there is currently no evidence to support the speculation. In this issue of ANESTHESIOLOGY, Beloeil et al. tested the hypothesis that opioid-free balanced anesthetic with dexmedetomidine would reduce postoperative opioid-related adverse events compared to balanced anesthesia with remifentanil. Also in this issue, Shanthanna et al. present a critical review of opioid-free versus opioid-sparing approaches. In an accompanying editorial, Kharasch and Clark review the evolution of opioid-free anesthesia and call for a balanced approach to use of opioids in moderation going forward. Cover Illustration: A. Johnson, Vivo Visuals.

- Beloeil et al.: Balanced Opioid-free Anesthesia with Dexmedetomidine versus Balanced Anesthesia with Remifentanil for Major or Intermediate Noncardiac Surgery: The Postoperative and Opioid-free Anesthesia (POFA) Randomized Clinical Trial, p. 541
- · Shanthanna et al.: Perioperative Opioid Administration: A Critical Review of Opioid-free versus Opioid-sparing Approaches, p. 645
- Kharasch and Clark: Opioid-free Anesthesia: Time to Regain Our Balance, p. 509

- Association between In-hospital Mortality and Low Cardiac Output Syndrome with Morning *versus* Afternoon Cardiac Surgery:
 - A Retrospective Cohort Study

R. M. Hijazi, D. I. Sessler, C. Liang, F. A. Rodriguez-Patarroyo, E. G. Soltesz, A. E. Duncan......552

A retrospective cohort study evaluated 9.734 patients who had a ortic valve. mitral valve, and/or coronary artery bypass graft surgery over 7 yr at a single center. The confounder-adjusted incidence of the composite outcome of in-hospital low cardiac output syndrome or mortality was similar for morning and afternoon surgery. The results do not support selective morning or afternoon scheduling for cardiac surgery. SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT IS AVAILABLE IN THE TEXT

- ⊕ ◇ A Lower Tidal Volume Regimen during One-lung Ventilation for Lung Resection Surgery Is Not Associated with Reduced Postoperative **Pulmonary Complications**
 - D. A. Colquhoun, A. M. Leis, A. M. Shanks, M. R. Mathis, B. I. Naik, M. E. Durieux, S. Kheterpal, N. L. Pace, W. M. Popescu,
 - R. B. Schonberger, B. D. Kozower, D. M. Walters, J. D. Blasberg,
 - A. C. Chang, M. F. Aziz, I. Harukuni, B. H. Tieu, R. S. Blank......562

This five-center retrospective observational study evaluated records from 3,232 thoracic surgical patients who underwent one-lung ventilation for pneumonectomies, bilobectomies, single lobectomies, segmentectomies, or wedge resections. Patients with tidal volumes 5 ml/kg or lower and positive end-expiratory pressure greater than 5 cm H₂O did not have significantly different 30-day adverse pulmonary outcomes compared with patients not ventilated with this strategy. Higher mechanical ventilation driving pressures were not associated with composite 30-day adverse pulmonary outcome. The protective ventilation regimen tested was not associated with decreased pulmonary complications. SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT IS AVAILABLE IN THE TEXT

- ⊕ Complications as a Mediator of the Perioperative Frailty-Mortality
- Association: Mediation Analysis of a Retrospective Cohort
 - D. I. McIsaac, S. D. Aucoin, G. L. Bryson,

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In a retrospective cohort study of intermediate- to high-risk elective noncardiac surgery patients, complications mediated over half of the association between frailty and postoperative mortality. Cardiopulmonary complications contributed to this association with a higher probability than renal or infectious events. SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT IS AVAILABLE IN THE TEXT

BASIC SCIENCE

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Anesthesia in Adult Mice

L. S. Leung, L. Chu, M. A. M. Prado, V. F. Prado......588

In genetically modified mice lacking the vesicular acetylcholine transporter in the forebrain, lower doses of isoflurane and ketamine were necessary to induce the loss of the righting reflex, a surrogate for loss of consciousness, when compared to wild-type counterparts. Hippocampal gamma power was lower in genetically modified mice lacking forebrain acetylcholine than in the wild-type mice during both isoflurane and ketamine anesthesia. These observations suggest that forebrain cholinergic neurons modulate anesthetic sensitivity during isoflurane and ketamine anesthesia. SUPPLEMENTAL DIGITAL CONTENT IS AVAILABLE IN THE TEXT

- Hemodynamic Parameters in the Assessment of Fluid Status in a Porcine Hemorrhage and Resuscitation Model
 - E. S. Wise, K. M. Hocking, M. E. Polcz, G. J. Beilman,
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CLINICAL SCIENCE

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