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ANESTHESIOLOGY REFLECTIONS FROM THE WOOD LIBRARY-MUSEUM

Salt's Portable Ether Inhaler



Patented on March 5, 1847, this portable ether inhaler was manufactured by a cutlery and surgical instrument firm, M. Salt & Son of Birmingham, England. To prepare the inhaler for use, the physician or dentist had to simply: (1) remove the top, add ether to the main cylinder's sponges, and then replace the top; and then (2) partly or completely open the aeration holes at the base (*left*). In *The Pharmaceutical Journal* of London, this inhaler was noted to provide "the alternate admission of air and ether" so that "vapour may be regulated without the necessity of removing the apparatus from the [patient's] mouth." When Salt's portable ether inhaler was not in use, both its top and bottom ends could be sealed — a clever design ensuring both economy in ether use and fewer spills inside the jacket pocket of the etherist. Apparently, spilling this "Salt" was not bad luck! (Copyright © the American Society of Anesthesiology, Schaumburg, *George S. Bause, M.D., M.P.H., Honorary Curator, ASA's Wood Library-Museum of Anesthesiology, Schaumburg,*

Illinois, and Clinical Associate Professor, Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio. UJYC@aol.com.